SAFE, EASY, GENTLE, ECONOMICAL

You can count on the ProLabs® family of pet vaccines to give you the convenience of at-home vaccinations to protect dogs from major diseases. Quality vaccines from ProLabs means healthier pets with big savings for pet owners.

UNIVAC 2
Vaccinate dogs and puppies against Canine Upper Respiratory Infection (Kennel Cough).

For protection against:
• Canine parainfluenza
• Bordetella bronchiseptica

UNIVAC 5
Univac 5 protects healthy dogs and puppies six weeks of age or older against five major diseases.

For protection against:
• Canine distemper
• Canine Adenovirus Type 1
• Canine Adenovirus Type 2
• Canine parainfluenza
• Canine parvovirus

UNIVAC 6
Univac 6 protects healthy dogs and puppies six weeks of age or older against six major diseases. The use of Univac 6 is ideal in situations where Lepto is not needed nor recommended.

For protection against:
• Canine distemper
• Canine Adenovirus Type 1
• Canine Adenovirus Type 2
• Canine parainfluenza
• Canine parvovirus
• Canine coronavirus

UNIVAC 9
Univac 9 protects healthy dogs and puppies six weeks of age or older against nine major diseases.

For protection against:
• Canine distemper
• Canine Adenovirus Type 1
• Canine Adenovirus Type 2
• Canine parainfluenza
• Canine parvovirus
• Leptospira canicola
• Leptospira grippotyphosa
• Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae
• Leptospira pomona

UNIVAC 10
Univac 10 protects healthy dogs and puppies six weeks of age or older from ten major diseases.

For protection against:
• Canine distemper
• Canine Adenovirus Type 1
• Canine Adenovirus Type 2
• Canine parainfluenza
• Canine parvovirus
• Canine coronavirus
• Leptospira canicola
• Leptospira grippotyphosa
• Leptospira icterohaemorrhagiae
• Leptospira pomona
ProLabs offers USDA approved vaccines for use in healthy dogs to protect them against disease. See the listing (above right) for a complete list of vaccination protections.

- Univac 5, 6, 9 & 10 contain a combination of immunogenic, attenuated strains of Canine Distemper, Canine Adenovirus Type 2 (CAV-2), Canine Parainfluenza and Canine Parvovirus Type 2b, propagated in cell line tissue cultures
- Vaccines packaged in individually wrapped, tamper-proof polybags for protection from contamination
- Vaccines are intended to be administered to healthy animals. Animals inoculating any disease or stressed due to shipping, malnutrition or parasitism may not achieve or maintain an adequate immune response
- Univac 2 is an easy to administer intranasal vaccine that protects your dog against Canine Upper Respiratory Infection (Kennel Cough) caused by canine parainfluenza and Bordetella bronchiseptica

Common Canine Diseases

- Coronavirus
  - Coronavirus infection is a highly contagious disease of puppies that primarily attacks the intestinal tract and is more severe when combined with other viruses such as parvo. The disease is spread from dog to dog through contact with feces.

- Canine Bordetella
  - This bacteria is the primary cause of kennel cough. It is highly contagious and spread via close contact with infected dogs. This vaccine is recommended for dogs that come in contact with other dogs, especially those that are kennelled, attend day care, are involved in competitions, dog shows or frequent a groomer.

- Canine Parainfluenza
  - This virus affects the respiratory system and is often associated with kennel cough. This condition is generally mild but can severely affect puppies and debilitated dogs.

- Canine Distemper
  - This virus is widespread globally. All puppies and adult dogs should be regularly vaccinated. Distemper is highly contagious, affecting the neurological and upper respiratory systems. Puppies are especially vulnerable to canine distemper and its onset is often fatal.

- Canine Parvovirus
  - This highly, highly contagious virus can persist for long periods and is difficult to eliminate. Exposure occurs through contact with infected fecal matter. The virus usually results in bloody diarrhea, vomiting, abdominal pain and fever. Vaccination is an important means of preventing this disease.

- Canine Adenovirus
  - The two common types of adenoviruses affecting dogs are CAV-1 and CAV-2. CAV-2 causes infectious hepatitis, which is cross-protected by CAV-1.

- Canine Leptospirosis
  - Leptospira bacteria are spread through the infected urine of such animals as dogs, cattle, pigs and rodents. They thrive in wet areas. Regular vaccination is recommended for dogs likely to be exposed to the urine of other dogs, wild animals or wet environments.

Guides to canine vaccinations

- Vaccinations are biological products and should always be handled according to directions. Keep the vaccines refrigerated until used.
- Never put a needle or syringe and safely discard them immediately after use.

Vaccination schedule

- Vaccinating your dog with the UNIVAC family of vaccines is simple. The age of your dog at the time you received them will determine the number of shots needed in their vaccination schedule.
- Puppies sixteen weeks or younger
  - Vaccinate healthy puppies at 2-3 weeks intervals until at least sixteen weeks of age. Give at least 2 doses.
- Dogs over twelve weeks
  - Vaccinate with 1 total dose and 2nd dose 2-3 weeks later. Annual revaccination with a single dose is recommended.

Choosing the right vaccine

Vaccine choices are based upon the age of a dog, knowledge of the diseases prevalent in your area, risk of exposure to disease, and the health status of the pet. Many diseases can be readily prevented through routine vaccinations.

Vaccination program is a concern

Vaccination is easy!

Fill syringe with the liquid.

Inject the liquid into the dry vaccine and shake well.

Fill syringe with entire mixture.

See packaging for complete instructions.